The French and Indian War

Part 2- Competition Leads to Violence

-Both the French and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were involved in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ trade with the Native Americans.

-The French traded with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and several \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tribes in the St. Lawrence River Valley and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ region.

-The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ traded with the Native Americans throughout the area of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ colonies, specifically the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and New England colonies.

-Unfortunately, many fur-bearing animals, specifically \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, were being hunted to near \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in some areas.

-This led the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to fight against neighboring tribes for control of more land to expand their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grounds.

-By the mid-1600s, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had defeated the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to gain control of an area that extended from Maine to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ north to Lake Michigan.

-By 1670, Iroquois fur traders were bringing a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pounds of beaver skins to the trading post at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ each year to trade with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

-This \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the French fur trade which would eventually lead to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

-Remember, events don’t happen in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Great Britain and France had a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in different places throughout the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

-From1688-1697, Great Britain and France fought the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Europe, India, and West Africa.

-In 1689, fighting broke out in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when the French and their Native American allies, the Huron and Algonquian, initiated a series of attacks of British \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ along the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in New England.

-The British colonists responded by forming a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of New England colonies led by Massachusetts and raised an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to defend against the French and their Native American allies.

-The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sided with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and helped try to defend the frontier against \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and their Native American allies.

-The fighting that would continue for the next eight years was known as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, named after the King William III of England. (King Louis XIV was king of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the time.)

-The first major \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was when the British colonists tried to capture \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (New France) in 1690. The British were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their attempt.

-Britain had naval superiority throughout the war. How do you think that helped them?

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-On land, there were many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and small battles throughout the war. The French and Native American allies used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tactics of quick attacks on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ victims.

-Read the section ***Frontier Brutality*** on page 160 of your textbook. Describe how you would feel if you were a settler living on the frontier at that time.

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-The war finally ended with the signing of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1697. It stated that any captured land during the war should be given back to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people who occupied it before the war.

-King William’s War established a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of French and British competition in North America. It also affected \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the area who got caught in the middle and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ greatly as a result.

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Part 3- Queen Anne’s War and King George’s War

Peace between Great Britain and France only lasted a few years after the Treaty of Ryswick. Why do you think that was?

**Queen Anne’s War**- Use the article titled Queen Anne’s War found on the *Legends of America* website to answer the following questions.

1. When did Queen Anne’s War take place?

2. Like King William’s War, Queen Anne’s War was part of a larger war fought between France and Great Britain. What was the name of the war fought in Europe?

3. What European country was allied with the French?

4. What was the name of the fortress that Carolina’s governor James Moore led an attack on in 1702? Where was it located?

5. What was the result of the war in the southern colonies?

6. What is the area of land called north of Maine called that was controlled by France?

7. Explain what happened in Deerfield, Massachusetts?

8. What did French-controlled Acadia become after the British took it over in 1710?

9. What finally stopped the French privateers from inflicting severe losses on New England’s fishing and shipping industries?

10. What was the name of the Treaty that finally ended Queen Anne’s War?

11. Name at least two results of the treaty to end Queen Anne’s War.

**King George’s War**- Read the article titled King George’s War found on the Britannica website to answer the following questions.

1. When did King George’s War take place? What was this war called in Europe?

2. How was the fighting characterized?

3. What was the result of Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle?